1. Pick-Me-Up-PRIMER
2. Pick-Me-Up Book I (for class VI)
3. Pick-Me-Up Book II (for class VII)
4. Pick-Me-Up Book III (for class VIII)
5. Tenses (Made Easy)
6. Translation (Made Easy)
7. Active & Passive Voice (Made Easy)
8. Direct & Indirect Narration (Made Easy)
9. The Verbs & Related words (Made Easy)
10. Parts of Speech (Made Easy)
11. Analysis (Made Easy)
12. Sentences & Proverbs in every day use
13. Good Hand Writing (Made Easy)
14. Pak United Translation
16. Pak English Composition for Every Body
17. Twelve Lesson in Basic English.

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آپ میں آپ کو فِریہ کی خواہش کہاً تھا کہ ماں نے لیتے

1. اردو کی انگریزی میں ترجمہ کرنے سے خلا حیات

2. ان کے لیے آپ کی اسپشن میں ظاہر ہوئی ہے کہ اس کا انتخاب کرے۔

3. فعل کا صحیح استعمال

اگر درست دوسرے فِریہ کے دورے میں خود کا سوال ہو گیا تو بچوں کو تعلق ہے

ئیرڈ، تھنڈے پاک اور ہم جوڑے بہائیں۔ اگر آپ کی اسپشن میں مسلمان کا انتخاب کرے،

اطراف اور ظاہر ہوتا ہے کہ اس کے دوسرے فِریہ کے تعلق میں جوڑے بہائیں۔

افضل اور مفتی

مُستیم 25 جوہری مِن 1976 میں نے
1. TENSES MADE EASY

2. FORMS MADE EASY

3. ACTIVE & PASSIVE VOICE MADE EASY

4. THE VERB & RELATED WORDS MADE EASY
Mother, Saulat was here just a minute before and he said to me, “My father is leaving for Karachi, by the Khyber Mail, this evening; and he wants auntie to have her lunch with him today.

**DIRECT NARRATION**

Mother, Saulat was here just a minute before and he told me that his father was leaving for Karachi, by the Khyber Mail that evening and that he wanted you to have your lunch with him that day.

**DIRECT FORM OF SPEECH**

Mother, Saulat was here just a minute before and he said to me, “My father is leaving for Karachi, by the Khyber Mail, this evening; and he wants auntie to have her lunch with him today.”
INTRODUCTION

(DIRECT NARRATION) She said to me, "I received this telegram from your father yesterday."

(INDIRECT NARRATION) She said to me that she had received that telegram from my father the previous day.

1. Inverted commas: "She said," or "I received this"
2. Reporting speech: "She said" or "I received this"
3. Reporting verb: "She said" or "I received this"
4. Reported speech: "She said" or "I received this"
5. Reported tense: "She said" or "I received this"

PERSONAL PRONOUNS

1. First person: "I," "me," "my"
2. Second person: "you," "your"
3. Third person: "he," "she," "it,", "they"

DIRECT NARRATION: She said to me, "I received this telegram from your father yesterday.

INDIRECT NARRATION: She said to me that she had received that telegram from my father the previous day.
Direct and Indirect Narration Made Easy

PERSONAL PRONOUNS OF THE 3RD PERSON

(Number) (Gender) Subject Object Object
Sing. Mas. Subject Object Object
Plur. Fam. Subject Object Object

Person
Sing. Mas.&Fem. I my* mine* me
Plural. Mas.&Fem. we our* ours* us
Sing. Mas.&Fem. thou thy* thine* thee
Plural. Mas.&Fem. you your* yours* you
Sing. Mas. he his* his* him
Sing. Fem. she her* hers* her
Plur. Mas.Fem. they their* theirs* them & Neuter.

Pronouns

DIRECT SPEECH
1. He says, “I am ill.”
2. She says, “My book is new.”
3. You say, “My brother is very kind to me.”
4. They will say, “We do not work hard.”
5. I will say, “I have spoken the truth.”
6. She says to us, “I am your neighbour.”
7. He says to us, “I respect you.”
8. They say to me, “You cannot help him.”
9. You will say to him, “Your brother beats them.”
10. We say to her, “Your uncle will not hate them.”

INDIRECT SPEECH
1. He says that he is ill.
2. She says that her book is new.
3. You say that your brother is very kind to you.
4. They will say that they do not work hard.
5. I will say that I have spoken the truth.
6. She says to us that she is our neighbour.
7. He says to us that he respects us.
8. They say to me that I cannot help him.
9. You will say to him that his brother beats them.
10. We say to her that her uncle will not hate them.

NOUN: PRONOUNS

I love my country

NOUN: PRONOUNS

This book is mine
Direct and Indirect Narration Made Easy

Reporting Speech

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pronouns</th>
<th>1st Person</th>
<th>2nd Person</th>
<th>3rd Person</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kej</td>
<td>1.</td>
<td>2.</td>
<td>3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Person ke Subject</td>
<td>Me</td>
<td>You</td>
<td>He/She/It</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Person ke Object</td>
<td>Me</td>
<td>You</td>
<td>Him/Her/It</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXERCISE 1

Put into the Indirect Form of Speech:

(B) Changes in the Tenses of Verbs

REPORTED SPEECH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FORM</th>
<th>PRESENT</th>
<th>PAST</th>
<th>FUTURE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I go.</td>
<td>I went.</td>
<td>I shall go.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We go.</td>
<td>We went.</td>
<td>We shall go.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You go.</td>
<td>You went.</td>
<td>You will go.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>He goes.</td>
<td>He went.</td>
<td>He will go.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>She goes.</td>
<td>She went.</td>
<td>She will go.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>It goes.</td>
<td>It went.</td>
<td>It will go.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They go.</td>
<td>They went.</td>
<td>They will go.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FROM</td>
<td>PRESENT</td>
<td>PAST</td>
<td>FUTURE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I am going.</td>
<td>I was going.</td>
<td>I shall be going.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We are going.</td>
<td>We were going.</td>
<td>We shall be going.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You are going.</td>
<td>You were going.</td>
<td>You will be going.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>He is going.</td>
<td>He was going.</td>
<td>He will be going.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>She is going.</td>
<td>She was going.</td>
<td>She will be going.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>It is going.</td>
<td>It was going.</td>
<td>It will be going.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They are going.</td>
<td>They were going.</td>
<td>They will be going.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FROM</th>
<th>PRESENT</th>
<th>PAST</th>
<th>FUTURE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I have been going.</td>
<td>I had gone.</td>
<td>I shall have gone.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We have been going.</td>
<td>We had gone.</td>
<td>We shall have gone.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You have been going.</td>
<td>You had gone.</td>
<td>You will have gone.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>He has been going.</td>
<td>He had gone.</td>
<td>He will have gone.</td>
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<tr>
<td>She has been going.</td>
<td>She had gone.</td>
<td>She will have gone.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>It has been going.</td>
<td>It had gone.</td>
<td>It will have gone.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They have been going.</td>
<td>They had gone.</td>
<td>They will have gone.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DIRECT SPEECH**

1. She says, "I live with my parents."
2. He will say, "My daughter will look after her."

**INDIRECT SPEECH**

1. She says that she lives with her parents.
2. He will say that his daughter will look after her.

**DIRECT SPEECH**

3. You say, "I bought it of my own accord."
4. We said, "We play a match every day."
5. She said, "My father is going with me."
6. They said, "We have bought a bungalow in Murree."
7. She said, "I have been eating rice since last evening."
8. He said, "I wrote a letter to my uncle."
9. They said, "We were going to school on foot."
10. The doctor said, "I had already seen many patients."
11. We said, "We had been working since morning."
12. The doctor said to him, "She will not test my eyes."
13. Faisal said, "I shall leave for Karachi early next month."
14. He said, "I shall be doing my duty without fail."
15. She said, "It will have been raining in Lahore since midnight."
16. He said that he would be doing his duty without fail.
17. She said that it would have been raining in Lahore since midnight.
DIRECT SPEECH
16. He said, "Man is mortal."

17. They said, "God helps those who help themselves."

INDIRECT SPEECH
16. He said that man is mortal.

17. They said that God helps those who help themselves.

PRESENT TENSE
REPORTING SPEECH
(1)  اگر ہوئے ( настоящее время
FUTURE TENSE
REPORTED SPEECH
(2)  اگر ہوئے ( будущее время
PAST TENSE
REPORTED SPEECH
(3)  اگر ہوئے ( прошедшее время

EXERCISE 2
Put into the Indirect Form of Speech:

(A) 1. He said, "I eat apples." 2. He said, "I am eating apples." 3. He said, "I have eaten apples." 4. He said, "I have already been eating apples." 5. She said, "I ate apples." 6. She said, "I was eating apples." 7. She said, "I had already eaten apple." 8. She said, "I had been eating apples since morning." 9. You said, "I
Direct & Indirect Narrative Made Easy

shall eat apples.” 10. They said, “We shall be eating apples.” 11. They said, “We shall have eaten apples.”
12. They said, “We shall have already been eating apples.” 13. They said, “The sun rises in the East.”
14. You said to me, “I played a match against my school.”

(B) 1. He said, “I go out for a walk in the morning.” 2. He said, “I am going for a walk to the river.”
3. He said, “I have taken a ball.” 4. They said, “We went to the Zoo on our bicycle.” 5. They said, “We were going to the Zoo on our bicycles.”
6. She said to me, “I had changed my clothes before I went to school.” 7. She said to us, “I shall change my clothes before I go to school.”
8. Father said to us, “I shall be going to Murree to see your uncle.” 9. He said to her, “You did not help me in learning my lesson.”
10. They said to him, “We had been living in your house for three years.”
11. I said to them, “God help those who help themselves.” 12. She said to me, “I shall look after my mother.”
13. He said, “Man is mortal.” 14. The teacher said to the students, “History repeats itself.” 15. She said, “The earth moves round the sun.”

(C) Changes in Some Other Words

<table>
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<tr>
<th>DIRECT SPEECH</th>
<th>INDIRECT SPEECH</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4. The teacher said to us, “It is 9 o’clock by my watch now.”</td>
<td>4. The teacher said to us that it was 9 o’clock by his watch then.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. The monitor says to the teacher, “Sir, the bell has gone.”</td>
<td>5. The monitor says to the teacher respectfully that the bell has gone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. The boys says, “It is the Quaid’s birthday today.”</td>
<td>6. The boys said that it was the Quaid’s birthday that day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. I shall tell my friends, “Tomorrow is a holiday.”</td>
<td>7. I shall tell my friends that the next (coming or following) day is a holiday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. She said, “I did not go to school yesterday.”</td>
<td>8. She said that she had not gone to school the previous day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. He said, “It will rain tonight.”</td>
<td>9. He said that it would rain that night.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. He will say to you, “All right, I shall come.”</td>
<td>10. He will say to you that he will come.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. She said to me, “Well, you may go now.”</td>
<td>11. She said to me that I might go then.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. You said to him, “Yes, she is ill.”</td>
<td>12. You said to him that she was ill.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. He said to me, “No, you are not at fault.”</td>
<td>13. He said to me that I was not at fault.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. She said, “Good morning Miss Naghma.”</td>
<td>14. She greeted Miss Naghma with “good morning.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. He said, “Good-bye (farewell), my friends.”</td>
<td>15. He said good-bye (farewell) to his friends.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. He said, “Hello! Mr. Salman, We are very glad to see you.”</td>
<td>16. They said to Mr. Salman that they were very glad to see him.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. They said, “Good night, my friend.”</td>
<td>17. He said “good night” to his friend.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PRONOUNS

VERBS
said to me, “I shall buy that pen.” 4. The boy said to us, “Father bought these toys for me.” 5. He said to them, “I have bought these apples just now.” 6. She said, “I placed my purse here on this table.” 7. They said, “We are going to Islamabad today.” 8. He said to me, “I shall again come here tomorrow.” 9. The teacher said to us, “Tomorrow is not a holiday for you.” 10. She said to me, “I bought this book from Karachi yesterday.” 11. They said to him, “Sir, we are very sorry for coming late today.” 12. We said to her, “Madam, we shall not come to school tomorrow.” 13. He said to me, “All right, sir, I shall be very regular from tomorrow.” 14. He said to them, “Good-bye! My friends.” 15. She said to us, “Well, I am going to tell you a very strange story tonight.”

(B) 1. She said to me, “These books are not mine.” 2. He said to her, “Madam, I have a headache.” 3. She said to us, “You can see me tomorrow.” 4. He said to me, “You will find my house at the end of this street.” 5. We said to them, “No, you cannot enter this room.” 6. He said to me, “Yes, I shall stay here with you to night.” 7. I said to him, “Sir, my book was stolen by somebody from my desk yesterday.” 8. I said to her, “These hens were bought by your uncle just today.” 9. Father said to us, “All right, I allow you to go to the pictures today.” 10. You said to him, “No, Your brother did not come here yesterday.” 11. He said to her, “Madam, my daughter forgot to send a medical certificate with her application.” 12. “Well, sir,” said I to the doctor, “I shall see you again tomorrow morning.” 13. He said to me, “I waited for you till sunset yesterday.” 14. “Hello, Ariff,” said he, “You have again come here after two days.” 15. He said to me, “No, I am not pleased with your work.” 16. You said to him, “I am too busy today to see you.” 17. You said to her, “Well, madam, I shall leave this book here on your table today.” 18. “Good morning, sir,” said the stranger to me. 19. “Good-bye!” said he, as he shut the door. 20. “Good night, Mr. Javed,” said he, “I am going to bed now.”
FORM OF SPEECH

1. ASSERTIVE SENTENCES
(A) FROM DIRECT INTO INDIRECT SPEECH

ASSERITIVE

2. She will return home before sunset.
3. He will not tell a lie.
4. The rose smells sweet.
5. Two and two make five.

SUBJECT

DIRECT SPEECH

1. “Now it is my turn,” said he to them, “to sit here behind this chair.”
2. “You are only wasting my time these days.”

INDIRECT SPEECH

1. She said to my son, “You are only wasting her time those days.”
2. He said to them that it was then his turn to sit there behind that chair.

3. They said to Zahid that he had not lost the game the previous day.
4. They said to Zahid that he had not lost the game yesterday.
5. He said to me, “My parents as well as yours left for Mecca yesterday.”
6. She said to him respectfully that her brother had not come to school today.

DIRECT NARRATION

1. Our neighbour’s house was always full of gamblers, because birds of a feather flock together.
2. “Well, sir,” my brother has not come to school today, because he is suffering from fever.

INDIRECT NARRATION

1. They said, “Our neighbour’s house is always full of gamblers, because birds of a feather flock together.”
2. She said to him, “Well, sir, my brother has not come to school today, because he is suffering from fever.”

1. They said, “Our neighbour’s house is always full of gamblers, because birds of a feather flock together.”
2. She said, “Well, sir, my brother has not come to school today, because he is suffering from fever.”
REPORTED SPEECH

(Reported, Reporting) Speeches

THAT COMMA

(Zahid) OBJECT said they

INVERTED COMMAS

said to

told said

ASSERITIVE

said said

EXERCISE 4

Put into the Indirect Form of Speech:

(A) 1. He said, “I am going to the post office.”
   2. She said, “I love my country very dearly.”
   3. You said, “My brother has given me this pen.”
   4. They said, “We do not say anything against our friends.”
   5. We said to him, “You have not told us the truth in this case.”
   6. She said to us, “Yes, I shall invite you to tea on my birthday.”
   7. Mother said to us, “God helps those who help themselves.”
   8. He said to me, “All right, I forgive you this time.”
   9. They said to him, “Sir, we are sorry for telling a lie on your face today.”
   10. He said to me, “I slept in this room last night.”
   11. He said to them, “I shall return these books to you tomorrow.”
   12. He said to me, “No, sir, I did not quarrel with your servant yesterday.”
   13. The teacher said to the student, “Water keeps its level.”
   14. The doctor said to her, “I did not ask you to wait for me here in my clinic till eleven o’clock.”
   15. She said to us, “Now I am not going to teach you anything.”

(B) 1. She said, “I was reciting the Holy Quran.”
   2. He said, “I obeyed my parents.”
   3. You said, “This book is mine.”
   4. They said, “No, we do not live in this house.”
   5. We said to him, “Sir, we are really very sorry for what we did.”
   6. He said to me, “All right, sir, I shall see you tomorrow.”
   7. You said to him, “Yes, I have been taking these medicines since long.”
   8. He said to us, “I am leaving for your home-town tonight.”
   9. “Yes, sir,” said they, “we have carried out your order.”
   10. “Life,” said he, “is not a bed of roses.”
   11. The old man said to his sons, “Man proposes, God disposes.”
   12. Father said to his sons, “I shall buy you your books tomorrow.”
   13. The peon said to the headmistress, “Madam, I forgot to post this letter yesterday.”
   14. “Yes, mother,” said Javeed, “I slapped the servant on his face, but I am sorry for that now.”
   15. “No,” said she to me, “You cannot sleep here in this room without my permission.”
   16. You said to me, “I was learning this poem by heart yesterday.”
   17. “My sons,” said she, “Union is strength.”
   18. She said to us, “Sir, I did not sleep the whole night, because your dogs were barking at somebody.”
   19. “Christmas comes but once a year,” said the teacher to his pupils.
   20. She said to his friends, “I shall take you all to the Minar-i-Pakistan, tomorrow morning.”
   22. He said, “Life is not an empty dream.”
   23. “She was married last year,” said the mother to her neighbour.
   24. He said to me, “You played a double role in this affair.”
   25. I said to him, “We have met each other today after a very long time.”

FROM DIRECT INTO INDIRECT SPEECH

DIRECT ke INDIRECT SPEECH
EXERCISE 5

Put into the Direct Form of Speech:

1. She said to me, “Every cock fight best on its own dung-hill.”
2. She said to the doctor that she would go to Murree the next day.
3. He said to me that he had not received my telegram the previous day.
4. We said to him respectfully that we were sorry for what we had done.
5. She said, “I have spoken the truth to you now.”
6. They said to us that it was not their fault.
7. You said to us that you had been waiting for us the previous day.
8. The villager said that wolves may lose their teeth but not their nature.
9. We knew that the earth moves round the sun.
10. Mother said to us, “Those who dig a pit for other fall into it themselves.”
11. She said to me, “I shall write a letter to your mother tomorrow.”
12. He said to us, "I planted these trees here in this garden yesterday." 13. "Nasim," said Jamilah, "You stole these earnings from my purse yesterday." 14. Well, Javeid," said she, "You were knocking at my door this morning." 15. The policeman said to them, "All right, I shall take you to the police station tonight for knocking me down with your car." 16. He said that he would not go there the next day. 17. She said to him, "Sir, I left my pen here on this table yesterday." 18. "My daughter," said the mother, "You have spoken the truth in this matter." 19. She said to me positively that she would return my book the following day. 20. You said to him, "All is well that ends well."

2. IMPERATIVE SENTENCES
(A) FROM DIRECT INTO INDIRECT SPEECH

1. Leave my room at once.
2. Be very kind to animals.
3. Never tell a lie.
4. Do not spoil your clothes.

1. SUBJECT
2. FULL-STOP
3. ASSERTIVE
4. SUBJECT
5. IMPERATIVE SENTENCE

SUBJECT
1. You,
2. Work very hard
3. Knock at that door
4. Never tell a lie
5. Do not betray your friends

1. DIRECT SPEECH
2. The manager said to the peon, "Get out of my office."
3. He said to his father, "Please forgive me this time."
4. She said to her brother, "Work very hard from today."
5. Mother said to me, "Never tell a lie."
6. He said to me, "Knock at this door again."
7. He asked me to knock at that door again.
8. He requested his teacher
Direct & Indirect Narration Made Easy

**DIRECT IMPERATIVE**

8. She said to us, “Keep quiet here.”
9. I said to them, “Go on doing your duty.”
10. He said to me, “Try your luck again.”
11. We said to them, “Go away from this place.”
12. I said to her, “Consult a lady-doctor.”

**INDIRECT SPEECH**

REPORTED SPEECH (1)

- to requested (مایل ہو) ordered (آہستہ کر دیا) advised (ڈیکھ دیا)
- suggested (ڈیکھ دیا)

never (مذکر کے لئے تو) Reporting (مذکر کے لئے تو)

- to do not (مذکر کے لئے تو)

SUGGESTED REPORTING VERB (3)

- to

TENSE REPORTING VERB (4)

- to that

kindly (مذکر کے لئے تو) please (مذکر کے لئے تو)

REQUESTED REPORTING VERB (5)

EXERCISE 7

Put into the Indirect Form of Speech:

(A) 1. I said to the visitor, “Go away from here.”
2. The beggar said to me, “Give me food for my children, please.”
3. She said to her, “Do not waste my time.”
4. They said to him, “Take a bath very early in the morning.”
5. She said to her children, “Pray five times a day.”
6. He said to me, “Do not mix with bad boys.”
7. You said to her, “Do not pluck flowers from the garden.”
8. She said to her servant, “Polish my shoes at once.”
9. The doctor said to us, “Do not take more than two cups of tea a day.”

(B) 1. He said to his brother, “Sit down on this chair.”
2. The teacher said to the peon, “Turn on the fan now.”
3. The mother said to the new-comer, “Do not sit here.”
4. The policeman said to the driver, “Do not show him your licence.”
5. I said to the visitor, “Please wait for a few minutes.”
6. He said to his friend, “Get this pen changed.”
7. He said to his friends, “Go on working as hard as you can.”
8. I said to the booking-clerk, “Give me a second-class ticket for Peshawar.”
9. The doctor said to the patient, “Come to me tomorrow morning without having your break-fast.”
10. You said to the hawker, “Do not give me a short measure.”
11. The teacher said to the students, “Open your books at page 45.”
12. “Do not copy,” said the principal to him. “Kindly grant me leave for two days,” said he to me.
13. The watch-maker said to the customer, “Do not try to threaten me.”
14. “Do not enter this house.” Said he to his companion.
15. “Ring the bell in case of danger,” said the clerk to the watchman.
16. “Open the door,” said the policeman.
to my neighbour. 18. He said to his wife, “Take a dose after every four hours.” 19. The headmaster said to the teacher, “Send these boys home to bring back their progress reports.” 20. He said to his servant, “Go and bring a taxi for me.” 21. She said to her sister, “Do not burn the mid-night oil.” 22. He said to his elder brother, “Buy me this book today.” 23. The postman said to me, “Sign this receipt.” 24. You said to him, “Forgive and forget.” 25. She said to him, “Kindly help me in this case.”

(B) From Indirect into Direct Speech

DIRECT speech

INDIRECT speech

1. I requested her to send a telegram to my father the next day.
2. He advised us to be very sincere to our friends.
3. The minister ordered the D.S.P. to arrest all bad characters that night.
4. He asked me to lend him my bicycle for that day.
5. She warned me to be on my guard against pick-pocket in that town.
6. Mother forbade us to tell a lie.

(D) Both Direct & Indirect

DIRECT speech

INDIRECT speech

1. I said to her, “Please send a telegram to my father tomorrow.”
2. He said to us, “Be very sincere to your friend.”
3. The minister said to the D.S.P. “Arrest all bad characters tonight.”
4. He said to me, “Lend me your bicycle for today.”
5. She said to me, “Be on your guard against pick-pockets in this town.”
6. Mother said to us, “Do not tell a lie.”

EXERCISE 8

Put into the Direct Form of Speech:

1. I advised him to help the poor. 2. He requested her to forgive him. 3. You asked him to lend his wrist-watch for a day. 4. Father forbade us to play with those boys. 5. The teachers urged us to try our best to win that match. 6. He advised us to be very kind to our servants. 7. She forbade me to play marbles. 8. I asked him to polish my shoes immediately. 9. She said to him not to waste his time. 10. They requested him to lend them a hundred rupees. 11. He directed me to mind my own business. 12. I told my brother to show those strangers the way to the nearest police station. 13. He advised me to trust in God in that hour of my trial. 14. She requested the policeman to help her hire a taxi. 15. He advised me to leave for Quetta at once. 16. She directed them to see her in her office the next day. 17. I forbade them to tease those little birds sitting there in that cage. 18. He advised me to be honest in my dealings with everybody. 19. He requested us to take him to the hospital. 20. She advised me to pray five times a day.
EXERCISE 9

Change the Form of Narration:-
1. You said to them, “Be quiet at home over here.”
2. He said to us, “Let the ladies pass first.”
3. I advised them to play a fair game like true Muslims.
4. He requested us to accompany him to the airport.
5. You forbade them to go to the pictures.
6. I said to him, “Post this letter on your way home.”
7. You said to them, “Do not quarrel with your neighbours.”
8. She advised him to respect his elders.
9. He said to them, “Do not call me names.”
10. I warned him to be very careful in future.
11. He requested us not to make a noise in front of his house.
12. Father said to him, “Make it a point to return home before sunset.”
13. The old man said to him, “Pray to God for seeking His help and guidance.”
14. She said to her sons, “Live to serve your country.”
15. I forbade my brother to depend on guess papers for success in the examination.
16. She asked the servant to iron her clothes.
17. He advised us to treat our younger brothers and sisters with kindness.
18. “Fire at the mob,” said the magistrate to policemen.
19. I said to him, “Respect those who respect you.”
20. He forbade me to cheat anybody.

INTERROGATIVE SENTENCES

(a) FROM DIRECT INTO INDIRECT SPEECH

1. I said to him, “When do you get up?”
2. She said to me, “Where are you going now?”
3. I said to him, “What did you eat yesterday?”
4. She said to him, “Why were you weeping yesterday?”
5. We said to them, “Who will be visiting your factory tomorrow?”
6. He said to her, “Which books did you buy from this shop?”
7. He said to me, “Are you going to school now?”
8. You said to him, “Have you broken my jug today?”

INDIRECT-DIRECT SPEECH

PRONOUNS

(1) ان گفت کہ تیرے کے ساتھ ہیں?

(2) ان گفت کہ تیرے کے ساتھ ہیں?

(3) ان گفت کہ تیرے کے ساتھ ہیں?

(4) ان گفت کہ تیرے کے ساتھ ہیں?

FULL (OF INTERROGATION) STOPS

1. I asked him when he got up.
2. She asked me where I was going then.
3. I asked him what he had eaten the previous day.
4. She asked him why he had been weeping the previous day.
5. We asked them who would be visiting their factory the next day.
6. He asked her which books she had bought from that shop.
7. He asked me if I was going to school then.
8. You asked him if he had broken your jug that day.
**DIRECT SPEECH**

9. We said to her, “Did you beat our servant yesterday?”
10. He said to you, “Will you go to the pictures tonight?”
11. She said to him, “Did you lose your pen here?”
12. He said to you, “Will you go to Peshawar tomorrow?”

**REPUTED SPEECH**

9. We asked her if she had beaten our servant the previous day.
10. He asked you if you would go to the pictures that night.
11. She enquired of him if he had lost his pen there.
12. He enquired of you whether you would go to Peshawar the next day.

**EXERCISE 10**

Put into the Indirect Form of Speech:

(A) 1. He said to me, “What are you doing here?”
2. She told him, “Why have you not gone to the doctor today?”
3. I said to them, “Where are you going today?”
4. I said to the postman, “Is there any letter for me today?”
5. She said to him, “Did you iron my shirt yesterday?”
6. He said to me, “Has it been raining here since morning?”
7. I said to them, “Where were you going yesterday?”
8. You said to her, “Did you meet these ladies at the railway station?”
9. The policeman said to the taxi-driver, “Why did you refuse to take these ladies to the railway station?”
10. He said to the stranger, “Are you in your senses now?”
11. She said to her brother, “Were you feeling any pain in your chest yesterday?”
12. He said to them, “Will you be going to Karachi by the morning train tomorrow?”
13. The old man said to the beggar, “Were you knocking at my door just now?”
14. The shopkeeper said to me, “Did you give me a ten-rupee note for these cakes of soap?”
15. He said to me, “Why were you beating my servant yesterday?”

(B) 1. He said to me, “What is your father?”
2. She said to me, “How many sisters have you?”
3. You said to him, “When did you buy this house?”
4. She said to us, “Where were you going yesterday?”
with this man?" 5. I said to her, "Have you consulted a
doctor today?" 6. She said to him, "Will you
lend me your pen for today?" 7. He said to me,
"How far is Mecca from Medina?" 8. I said to them,
"Will you build a hospital over here?" 9. They said to
us, "Were you sleeping in this room yesterday?"
10. The policeman said to him, "Why did you beat
this old man yesterday?" 11. "May I come in,
madam?" She said to the principal. 12. The gold-
smith said to the thief, "How did you break the lock of
this safe?" 13. "Why," said the doctor to me, "did you
not take this medicine yesterday?" 14. Mother
said to my friend, "Have you paid the fine today?"
15. "Are you really suffering from fever now?" Said
I to the beggar. 16. She said to us, "Was he really
trying to fire at you?" 17. "My son, where are you
now coming from?" Said the old man. 18. She said
to him, "Did you see the snake in the compound of
this house?" 19. "Was it raining very heavily over
here at night?" Said the guest to us. 20. He said to
them, "Will you take the examination this year?"

**DIRECT INTO INDIRECT SPEECH**

1. She asked me what my name was.
2. I asked him where he lived in that city.
3. They enquired of us if we had broken that
   flower-pot.

**INDIRECT FORM OF SPEECH**

1. She said to me, "What is your name?"
2. I said to him, "where do you live in this city?"
3. They said to us, "Have you broken this flower-
pot?"

**EXERCISE 11**

Put into the Indirect Form of Speech:-

1. I asked the boy why he was weeping. 2. She
   asked him when he was going for the Hajj. 3. He asked
   me if I was in my senses. 4. They asked him how he
   managed to escape from that place. 5. We enquired of
   him whether that train was running on time then. 6. He
   asked his mother whether she would go with him to
   Murree the next-day. 7. The teacher enquired of the boys
   whether they were fully prepared to take the test that day.
   8. She asked her brother where he was going with those
   boys then. 9. She asked her teacher respectfully if she
   might go out to see her mother. 10. He asked us why
   we were making a noise over there. 11. They asked
   the gardener if they might pluck a few flowers from those
plants. 12. The passenger asked the guard why the train had stopped near that bridge. 13. She asked me when I would return her camera. 14. He enquired of us what we would do with that money there. 15. We asked him when he had returned from Saudi Arabia. 16. He asked us whether we were learning that poem by heart. 17. She asked her brother if she had posted those letters the previous day. 18. Father enquired of me how I was feeling then. 19. I asked the teacher very respectfully why he had expelled my brother from his class. 20. The policeman asked him if he had his driving licence with him.

(C) BOTH DIRECT & INDIRECT

DIRECT SPEECH

间接的演讲

INDIRECT SPEECH

直接的演讲

FORM OF SPEECH

EXCLAMATORY SENTENCES

1. Alas! He has died.
2. Ha! Their car was badly damaged.
3. Hurrah! Today is a holiday.
4. How beautiful this painting is!
5. What a blunder you have made!

EXERCISE 12

Put into the Indirect Form of Speech:

1. He said to us, “Have you solved these sums?”
2. I said to her, “Why was your baby weeping yesterday?”
3. He asked me where my mother was going the previous day.
4. You said to him, “What did Faisal say here in your ear?”
5. She said to them, “Is not virtue its own reward?”
6. I said to the postman, “Is there any letter for me today?”
7. “Where are you going now?” I asked to my servant.
8. The policeman enquired of him why he did not observe the traffic rules.
9. She asked her teacher very respectfully why he was angry with her.
10. Father said to him, “Why have you beaten the servant now?”
11. We enquired of our neighbour why our house had been locked.
12. I enquired of the servant whether he had told me the truth about that accident.
13. She said to her, “What was your sister saying to you yesterday?”
14. I asked the carpenter why he had not completed his work the previous day.
15. You said to him, “Did it rain here yesterday?”
16. “Why are you sitting here, Salman?” said his sister.
17. “What are you doing here, Nadeem?” said the father to his son.
18. You enquired of him whether he had returned your book to you.
19. The wolf said to the lamb, “Why did you call me names last year?”
20. “How can I give you a short measure, madam?” said the shopkeeper to her.
Direct and Indirect Narration Made Easy

Direct Speech

1. He asked, “Alas! My brother has met with an accident.”
2. She said to you, “Ha! You have failed in science by two marks only.”
3. They said to us, “Hurrah! We have defeated your team in this match.”
4. She said to her mother, “How lucky you are to win this prize!”
5. We said, “How old this woman is!”
6. I said, “How foolish I have been!”
7. They said, “How sweet these mangoes are!”
8. He said, “What a beautiful horse I have bought!”
9. They said, “How foolish this girl is!”

Indirect Speech

1. He exclaimed with great grief that his brother had met with an accident.
2. She exclaimed with sorrow saying that you had failed in science by two marks only.
3. They exclaimed with great joy that they had defeated their team in that match.
4. She exclaimed to her mother in great astonishment that she was very lucky to win that prize.
5. We said in great surprise that that woman was very old.
6. I exclaimed with great wonder that I had been very foolish.
7. They exclaimed that those mangoes were very sweet.
8. He exclaimed that he had bought a very beautiful horse.
9. They exclaimed that that girl was very foolish.

EXCLAMATORY

10. You said to him, “What a strange story you are telling us today!”
11. You said to him in great astonishment that he was telling you a very strange story that day.

REPORTED SPEECH

1. Hurrah! My father has returned.

EXERCISE 13

Put into the Indirect Form of Speech:

(A) 1. He said, “Hurrah! My father has returned”
Direct and Indirect Narration Made Easy

from Saudi Arabia. 2. She said, “Alas! My cousin has died in a bus accident.” 3. They said, “Ah! The house of our friends has caught fire.” 4. We said, “How high these mountains are!” 5. You said to me, “What a strange story you have told us!” 6. She said to them, “How sweet these apples are!” 7. He said to me, “What a cruel deed these robbers have done!” 8. My sister said, “Hurrah! I have won the first prize in sports.” 9. We said, “Ha! Ha! Father has bought a plot of land for us in Faisalabad.” 10. She said, “Alas! My prize bonds have been stolen by my servant.”

(B) 1. She said, “Alas! I have lost my purse.” 2. He said, “Hurrah! My brother stands first in England.” 3. They said, “How heavily it is raining here these days!” 4. She said, “How sweetly these birds sing!” 5. We said, “What a great man our leader was!” 6. They said, “Alas! We have not been able to win this prize.” 7. The fox said loudly to himself, “How beautiful this bird is!” 8. The old man said, “Ha! I have lost my ticket.” 9. The beggar said, “Alas! I have no hut to protect myself from this rain.” 10. “Aha! We go to Mecca tomorrow to perform the Hajj,” said they. 11. “How great a blessing of Allah health is!” Said the patient to the doctor. 12. She said, “What a pitiable condition I am in!” 13. The baby said, “Aha! Father will bring many toys for me tomorrow.” 14. The poor man said, “Alas! My only son has been kidnapped by somebody.” 15. These girls said, Hurrah! “We have all been declared successful by the Headmistress.”

EXPLANATORY SENTENCES

1. She exclaimed with joy that her father was taking her to Murree the next day. 2. They exclaimed with great sorrow that they had been ruined. 3. He exclaimed with great grief that his brother had been run over by a taxi. 4. He exclaimed with great surprise that that old man was running very fast. 5. They exclaimed that they had to deal with a big fool. 6. She exclaimed with great joy that her brother had won a scholarship.

EXERCISE 14

Put into the Direct Form of Speech:-

1. He exclaimed with sorrow that his watch had been stolen. 2. She exclaimed with joy that that was a very
direct and indirect narration made easy

characters. 5. He said, "Hurrah! My college has won the match by two goals." 6. She exclaimed with grief that her uncle had died. 7. She exclaimed with wonder that their neighbour was a notorious smuggler. 8. He said, "Alas! My friends have cheated me." 9. She said, "Alas! My uncle's car has met with an accident." 10. They exclaimed with joy that the thief had been arrested by the police. 11. He exclaimed with great sorrow that he had lost his passport. 12. The said, "Hurrah! Our forces have defeated the enemy." 13. She said, "Alas! Plane carrying a group of tourists has crashed near Hyderabad." 14. The child exclaimed with joy that his mother had returned from Iran. 15. "How glad I am," said Arif, "to meet my old friends here in this exhibition!"

5. OPTATIVE SENTENCES

(a) FROM DIRECT INTO INDIRECT SPEECH

1. May he reach home quite safe and sound! 2. May you recover very soon! 3. May she succeed in examination! 4. Would that we had won the match! 5. Would that I were in Mecca today!

(b) BOTH DIRECT & INDIRECT

FORM OF SPEECH

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<tr>
<th>DIRECT</th>
<th>INDIRECT SPEECH</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>آپ کا والد اور وہوئے OR APE OR APE</td>
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<td>INFORMED SPEECH OF PRONOUNS</td>
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EXERCISE 15

Change the Form of Narration:

1. He said, "Aha! My brother will perform the Hajj tomorrow." 2. She said, "What a beautiful carpet you have bought." 3. He exclaimed with joy that he would leave for Madina the following day. 4. They exclaimed with sorrow that their shop had been looted by those bad
Direct and Indirect Narration Made Easy

DIRECT NARRATION
1. He said, “May my son pass the examination this year!”
2. He said to them, “May you catch the train today!”
3. We said, “May the police arrest the thieves!”
4. They said, “May we do this paper to our satisfaction!”
5. Mother said to me, “Would that your father were here today!”
6. The teacher said to the students, “Would that I were on leave today!”
7. People said, “Would that the Quaid-i-Azam were alive these days to see our fate!”
8. The captain said, “Would that my team had won this match!”

INDIRECT NARRATION
1. She prayed that her son might pass the examination that year.
2. He prayed for them that they might catch the train that day.
3. We prayed that the police might arrest the thieves.
4. They prayed that they might do that paper to their satisfaction.
5. Mother wished that my father had been there that day.
6. The teacher wished that he had been on leave that day.
7. People wished that the Quaid-i-Azam had been alive these days to see their fate.
8. The captain wished that his team had won that match.

EXERCISE 16
Put into the Indirect Form of Speech:

(A) 1. Mother said, “May my son live long!” 2. He said to me, “May you succeed in life!” 3. She said to her sons, “May you return home quite safe and sound!” 4. The old man said, “May I be young once again!” 5. He said, “Would that I were rich!” 6. You said to me, “Would that you had won the prize!” 7. He said to her, “May your husband recover very soon!” 8. They said to him, “May you be successful in this examination!” 9. The old lady said, “May Pakistan prosper by leaps and bounds!” 10. The children said, “May our school be closed tomorrow for a week!”
Quran in her childhood. 13. Boys wished that that day had been a holiday. 14. They wished that they had not made a bargain with those people the previous day. 15. He prayed that his sons might learn to lay by something against the rainy days.

(C) BOTH DIRECT AND INDIRECT

DIRECT

间接

FORM OF SPEECH

INDIRECT SPEECH

直接

FORM OF SPEECH

.EXERCISE 18

Change the Form of Narration :

1. He wished that he had not made that mistake.
2. She said, "May the judge sentence the murderer of my son to death!"
3. They said, "Would that we had not travelled by that ill-fated bus!"
4. We prayed that our brother's fever might subside that day.
5. He said, "Would that I were born in the house of a big landlord!"
6. They said, "May God protect our village from this flood!"
7. We wished that we had been at home that day.
8. He said, "May God grant me courage to bear this loss!"
9. They said, "Would that we had not bought this house!"
10. They prayed that they might be able to pay their debt that year.
11. You wished that your name had been in that list of prize winners.
12. She said, "Would that I were the owner of this factory!"
13. He prayed that he might pass the examination in the first division. He wished that his application for leave had not been rejected by the principal.

DIRECT & INDIRECT NARRATION

EXERCISE 19

Change the Form of Narration :

(A) 1. "She said, "God is one."  2. He said to me, "Go away from here."  3. You said to him, "Where are you coming from?"  4. The beggar said to her, "May God bless you with a son!"  5. She said to her sister, "How beautiful these clothes are!"  6. "He said to me, "What a big lie it is!"  7. My friend said to me, "I returned from Quetta only last evening."  8. He said to me, "Sir, I lost the purse on my way to market."  9. She said to him, "Why were you knocking at my door just now?"  10. He said to them, "May you recover your stolen car today!"  11. She said, "Alas! They have taken my servant to the police station."  12. The peon said to me, "Sir, may I go downstairs and have a talk with my sister?"  13. They said, "Hurrah! Our team has won the match."  14. She said to them, "Virtue is its own reward."  15. He said to me, "You sent a telegram to me only yesterday."  16. She said to him, "Will you lend me your camera for today?"  17. They said to...
him, “Trust in God and do the right.” 18. He said to her, “Madam, at what time can I see you tomorrow?” 19. He said to the peon, “Do not let anybody enter my office before 11 A.M.” 20. He said to me, “Are you ready to go with me now?” 21. She said, “My son, do not deceive anybody.”

(B) 1. He said, “God helps those who help themselves.” 2. I said to him, “Go away at once.” 3. She wished that her brother might live long. 4. The child said, “Hurrah! Mother has come.” 5. The doctor forbade the patient to eat sweets. 6. He asked me whether I could spare some money for him. 7. Saulat requested me to lend him my pen. 8. He said to me, “Is man the maker of his own fate?” 9. They said to us, “The evil that men do lives after them.” 10. She asked Nadeem what he had been doing the previous day. 11. The old woman said, “Let their wish be done, O God.” 12. “Good morning, Sir,” said Kashif to his officer, “May I tell you something in this connection?” 13. The teacher asked the student to keep quite. 14. “Where are you going Naveed?” said Javeid. 15. “Good morning, madam,” said Najma to the old lady. “May I know why the house of your neighbour is locked?” 16. “Yes,” said the teacher to the students, “you can play the match tomorrow.” 17. The little girl exclaimed with sorrow that her doll had been stolen by her brother. 18. “Well,” said the landlord to me, “you will have to pay me rent for six months in advance.” 19. “Are you the robber,” said the king, “of whom I have heard so much?” 20. They exclaimed with joy that the case against their leader had been dismissed by the magistrate.

(C) 1. She said to me, “Why did you steal my pen from this box?” 2. She said, “Alas! I have missed the first bus for Rawalpindi today.” 3. You said to him, “Get out of my house now and never show me your face again.” 4. She asked me if he had gone out for a walk just then. 5. “Hurrah,” said the boys, “Our school has won this match.” 6. She asked them where they had left their servant the previous day. 7. The doctor said him, “I am too busy these days to pay a visit to your house.” 8. He said to us, “I have done my duty and it is your turn now to do yours.” 9. He said to me, “Don’t you know that I am your next-door neighbour?” 10. She said to him, “Get up very early in the morning and go out for a walk every day.” 11. The visitor said to the manager, “Sir, my son is ill today and he cannot come to work in the factory.” 12. The policeman said to me, “Show me your identity card please.” 13. We said with one voice, “May Pakistan prosper by leaps and bounds!” 14. “Would that I were rich enough to help you in your distress!” said the old lady to them. 15. “When will this train reach Peshawar?” said the passenger to the guard. 16. “Have you milked all these cows, mother?” said the young man. 17. “Is this the way to talk to a stranger?” said he to his brother. 18. “Shut the gate and do not let anybody go out,” said the master to his peon. 19. She exclaimed with sorrow that her brother had failed in English by five marks only. 20. The old man advised his sons to help the poor and the needy.

(D) 1. She asked the stranger what his name was. 2. “Good morning, madam,” said the visitor, “I want to see Mr. Nadeem just now.” 3. He said to me, “Were you a student of the Government College?” 4. You advised him to help his friends and neighbours, whenever they were in trouble. 5. He asked the postman if he had brought any letter for him. 6. “May I come in, sir?” said the student to the Headmaster. 7. She prayed that her son might return home quite safe and sound. 8. “How beautiful this painting is!” said Khalida to her mother. 9. “Show me your tickets,” said the S. T. E. to the passengers. 10. The constable said to the two young men, “Where are you comming from at the dead of night?” 11. She said, “Would that my uncle were alive today to attend the marriage of his son!” 12. “What a fool I have to deal with?” said he to you. 13. They said to the S. H. O., “Our lives are in danger and we have come to you for help.” 14. “The old woman said to me, “Please help me cross this road.” 15. “What will you charge me for dressing my hair?” said a little girl to the
Direct and Indirect Narration Made Easy

16. She said to him that she had every sympathy with him in his grief. 17. He asked the doctor when he should come to him for getting his eyes tested. 18. The teacher forbade the boys to copy in the examination hall. 19. He said to me, "Where have you been all these days?" 20. Father said to me, "I am not satisfied with the work of this servant."

B) Sentences Selected From Examination Papers

Exercise 20

A) Middle Standard Examination

Change the Form of Narration:
1. He said to me, "What is your name?" 2. She said, "Alas! I have failed!" 3. The teacher said to Ali, "Open the door for Jamil." 4. He said, "God is one." 5. Ahmed said to me, "I do not play hockey." 6. I said to them, "Honesty is the best policy." 7. He said to me, "Help the poor." 8. Ali said, "I will not pull her hair again." 9. She said to me, "I am glad to see you." 10. He said to Akram, "Do you go to Sialkot?" 11. The policeman said to the thief, "Where are you going?" 12. The teacher said to the boys, "Close your books."

B) Secondary School Certificate Examination

Change the Form of Narration:
1. I said to him, "Why are you weeping?" 2. The woman said, "Alas! I have lost my son!" 3. He said, "Bravo! You have done well." 4. He told me that he would arrive at about mid-day. 5. The boy said, "Hurrah! I have drawn the first prize." 6. He said to me, "May God help you!" 7. She said to me, "Why have you insulted my father?" 8. The good lady said, "What a miserable life yours is!" 9. He said to his servant, "Do not stay here." 10. I said to her mother if she might go. 11. Naureen said to Shahida, "Alas! My father has died."

C) Intermediate Examination

Change the Form of Narration:
1. The teacher said, "Stop making that noise, boys." 2. He said, "Hurrah! I have found my friend." 3. I said, "Hush! The boy is asleep." 4. The officer said to the boys, "Why are you always late?" 5. The servant said to his master, "Sir, somebody wants to speak to you." 6. The traveller said, "What a dark night it is!" 7. He said to his servant, "Don't stand there doing nothing." 8. "What a silly boy you are!" 9. The Quaid-i-Azam said to the people, "Islam expects every Muslim to do his duty." 10. She said, "I am not in the habit of telling lies." 11. He asked his sister why she had locked the door. 12. He said to me, "Please sit down." 13. He said, "I will come to see you tomorrow." 14. The player said, "Hurrah! We have won the match."
APPENDIX 1

Continuous Passages

INDIRECT NARRATION vs DIRECT NARRATION

The son said, "I will go to my father and will say unto him, "Father, I have sinned against Heaven and before thee, and am no more worthy to be called thy son. Make me as one of thy hired servants."

The son would say unto him, "Father, I have sinned against Heaven and before thee and am no more worthy to be called thy son." The son would say to him, "Make me as one of thy hired servants."

INDIRECT SPEECH: The son said that he would go to his father to confess that he had sinned against Heaven and before him, and was no more worthy to be called his son. He affirmed that he would, therefore, request his father to make him one of his hired servant.

Solved Example No: 2

DIRECT SPEECH

"What is this strange outcry?" said Socrates to them.

PREPARATION FOR INDIRECT SPEECH

Socrates said to them, "What is this strange out-
"I sent the women away that they might not offend me in this way for I have heard that a man should die in peace. Be quiet, then, He said to them be quiet and have patience."

Socrates further said, "I sent the women away that they might not offend me in this way, for I have heard that a man should die in peace." He therefore, said to them, "Be quiet and have patience."

**INDIRECT SPEECH**: Socrates inquired of them what that strange outcry was. He reminded them that he had sent women away mainly in order that they might not offend him in that way. He added that he had done so for he had heard that a man should die in peace.

**Solved Example No: 3**

**DIRECT SPEECH**
The traveller said, "Can you tell me the way to the nearest inn?" "Yes," said the peasant. "Do you want one in which you can spend the night?" "No," replied the traveller, "I want a meal."

**PREPARATION FOR INDIRECT SPEECH**
The traveller said to the peasant, "Can you tell me the way to the nearest inn?" "Yes, by all means," said the peasant. The peasant further said to the travellers, "But do you want one in which you can spend the night?" "No," replied the traveller, "I only want a meal."

**INDIRECT SPEECH**: The traveller asked the peasant if he could tell him the way to the nearest inn. The peasant replied that he would and asked him whether he wanted one in which he could spend the night. The traveller answered that he did not wish to stay there, but he only wanted a meal.

**DIRECT SPEECH**

**INDIRECT SPEECH**

**Solved Example No: 4**

**DIRECT SPEECH**
The patient greeted the doctor and asked him (doctor) if he could spare him a few minutes?

**INDIRECT SPEECH**
The doctor said that he would certainly do that. He (doctor) asked him (patient) to sit down and asked him what the matter with him was. The patient said that he had been suffering from malaria and added that he had no sleep for two days. The doctor asked him to let him feel his (patient's) pulse.

**DIRECT SPEECH**

**INDIRECT SPEECH**

**Solved Example No: 5**

**DIRECT SPEECH**

**INDIRECT SPEECH**

Teacher: Stand up Jamil, and tell me why you were
absent yesterday.
Jamil: I was ill, sir.
Teacher: Why did you not send an application for leave?
Jamil: Sir, there was nobody at home to bring it here.
Teacher: Did you take any medicine?
Jamil: No, sir, I did not.
Teacher: Then how did you get well?
Jamil: It was all due to God’s mercy. How kind He is!

Why he had been absent the previous day. Jamil replied very respectfully that he had been ill. The teacher then enquired of him why he had not sent an application for leave. Jamil told him very respectfully that there had been nobody at home to bring it there. The teacher again enquired of him if he had taken any medicine. Jamil replied very respectfully that he had not. Then the teacher asked him how he had got well. Jamil said that it had all been due to the mercy of God and exclaimed that He was in deed very kind.

EXERCISE 21

Put into the Indirect form of Speech:

2. “Can you come over to me again tomorrow morning,” said Sohail. “No, I’m sorry, I cannot,” replied Saulat. “I’m very busy these days because of my exams.”
3. “My sons,” said he, “a great treasure lies hidden in these fields. I’m leaving it all for you.” “But where is it?” asked the sons. “I cannot recollect where I hid it.” Replied the old man. “Dig for it and I’m sure you will find it out.”
4. “Do you really want work?” said the merchant. “Yes, if you have any,” said the boy. “Then follow me, and carry this box to my house, young man,” said the merchant.

5. “Boys,” said the teacher, “You are the architects of your fates. Allah helps those who help themselves. Be true to Allah and the Holy Prophet, and everything in this world will be at your service.”
6. A man asked the Holy Prophet, “O messenger of God, which is the greatest of sins in the eyes of our Creator?” “That you make another an associate with Him,” was his prompt reply.
7. Hazrat Umar said, “the prince and the pauper are equal before the law in Islam. Justice must be done to the poor man, even though the wrong doer is the prince.”
8. “And what have you left for your children?” asked the Holy Prophet. “They don’t need anything,” replied Abu Bakr with a smile. “For them Allah and His Prophet are enough.”
9. The enemy, with a broken sword in hand, said, “O Ali, give me a sword that I may continue to fight with you.” Hazrat Ali gave him his own sword. “How dare you make such an offer to your enemy?” Said he. “But how can I refuse any one a boon I may be asked of?”
10. “Mr. Jinnah,” said a judge once in Bombay, “remember you are not explaining points to a third class magistrate.” In a flash Mr. Jinnah answered. “My Lord, allow me to warn you that you are not addressing a third class pleader.”

By the same Author

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**APPENDIX 2**

**QUESTION OF OBJECTIVE PATTERN**

**OBJECTIVE TYPE**

**QUESTION 1:** Each of the following sentences in the Direct Narration, has three suggested answer in the Indirect Narration, written under it. Write down the answer which, in your opinion, is correct:

1. He said to me, “you are my fast friend.”
   (a) He said to me that you are my fast friend.
   (b) He said to me that I was his fast friend.
   (c) He said to me that he was my fast friend.

2. I said to her, “You have beaten my servant.”
   (a) I said to her that you had beaten my servant.
   (b) I said to her that I had beaten your servant.
   (c) I said to her that she had beaten your servant.

3. She said to us, “I broke my pen yesterday.”
   (a) She said to us that she had broken her pen the previous day.
   (b) She said to us that she had broken her pen yesterday.
   (c) She said to us that she was broken her pen the previous day.

4. You said to him, “I was going to see your uncle now.”
   (a) You told him that he was going to see my uncle then.
   (b) You told him that you were going to see his uncle then.
   (c) You said to him that you had been going to see his uncle then.

5. He said to her, “Madam! I shall not come here tomorrow.”
   (a) He said to her respectfully that he would not come there the next day.
   (b) He said to her respectfully that I would not come there the next day.

6. She said to him, “Help this old man.”
   (a) She ordered him to help this old man now.
   (b) She advised him to help the old man then.
   (c) She asked him to help that old man then.

7. He said to them, “Why were you sitting here?”
   (a) He asked them why they had been sitting there.
   (b) He asked them that why they were sitting there.
   (c) He asked to them that why they were sitting there.

8. You said, “May this train reach here in time!”
   (a) You prayed that this time train may reach there in time.
   (b) You prayed that this train may reach there in time.
   (c) You prayed that this train might reach there in time.

9. He said to me, “Did you see my son in this room?”
   (a) He asked me if I had seen his son in that room.
   (b) He asked me if I had seen my son in that room.
   (c) He asked me if he had seen my son in that room.

10. They said, “How beautiful this mosque is!”
    (a) They explained that that mosque was very beautiful.
    (b) They explained that how beautiful that mosque was.
    (c) They explained that that mosque is very beautiful.

11. She said to her son, “Never tell a lie.”
    (a) She forbade her son to tell a lie.
    (b) She advised her son not to tell a lie at all.
    (c) She forbade her son not to tell a lie at all.

12. He said to us, “my dogs were not barking at you.”
(a) He said to us that his dogs had not been barking at us.
(b) He said to us that his dogs were not barking at us.
(c) He told us that his dogs had not been barking at us.

**QUESTION 1:** Three suggested answers in the Indirect Narration are given to each of the following bold type sentences in the Direct Narration. Choose the CORRECT one and write it down:

1. She said to me, “My father went to your house yesterday?”
   1. She said to me that my father went to your house the previous day.
   2. She said to me that her father had gone to your house yesterday.
   3. She said to me that her father had gone to my house the previous day.

2. You said to him, “yes, I am writing a letter to him now.”
   1. You said to him that you were writing a letter to him then.
   2. You said to him that you was writing a letter to him then.
   3. You said to him that yes you were writing a letter to him now.

3. They said to us, “We were preparing ourselves for the examination.”
   1. They said to us that were preparing ourselves for the examination.
   2. They said to us that we had been preparing ourselves for the examination.
   3. They said to us that they had been preparing themselves for the examination.

4. You said to him, “Why did you call me names yesterday?”
   1. You asked him why you called him names the previous day.
   2. You asked him why you called him names the previous day.
   3. You asked him why he had called you names the previous day.

5. She said to us, “Are you going to the pictures tonight?”
   1. She said us if you were going to the pictures tonight.
   2. She asked us if we were going to the pictures that night.
   3. She asked us if we had been going to the pictures that night.

6. He said to me, “Please lend me your bicycle for a day.”
   1. He said to me to please lend him my bicycle for a day.
   2. He requested me to please lend him my bicycle for a day.
   3. He requested me to lend him my bicycle for a day.

7. She said to them, “Do not beat my brother for nothing.”
   1. She requested them not to beat my brother for nothing.
   2. She forbade them to beat her brother for nothing.
   3. She forbade them not to beat her brother for nothing.

8. They said to him, “How deep this river is!”
   1. They exclaimed how deep that river was.
   2. They exclaimed that that river was very deep.
   3. They exclaimed that how deep was that river.

9. She said to me, “May you succeed in life!”
   1. She prayed that I might succeed in life.
   2. She exclaimed that I might succeed in life.
   3. She wished that I may succeed in life.

10. He said, “Would that I were rich!”
    1. He prayed that he was rich.
    2. He wished that he was rich.
    3. He wished that had he been rich.

11. “May I come in, Sir?” Said he to me.
    1. He prayed respectfully that he might come in.
    2. He wished respectfully if he might come in.
    3. He asked me respectfully if he might come in.
12. She said to me, “What are you doing here?”
   1. She asked me what I was doing there. 2. She asked me what I was doing there. 3. She asked me what I was doing there.

13. He said to them, “What will you do for your country?”
   1. He asked them what they would do for their country. 2. He asked them what they would do for their country. 3. He asked them what they would do for their country.

14. Mother said to me, “Trust in God do the right.”
   1. Mother advised me to trust in God and do the right. 2. Mother advised me to trust in God and to do the right. 3. Mother advised me to trust in God and should do the right.

15. I said to my friends, “Virtue is its own reward.”
   1. I said to my friends that virtue is its own reward. 2. I advised my friends that virtue is its own reward. 3. I said to my friends that virtue was its own reward.

16. We said to her, “You love your children.”
   1. We said to her that she loves her children. 2. We said to her that she loves her children. 3. We said to her that she loved her children.

17. The teacher said to his pupils, “Why are you wasting your time now?”
   1. The teacher asked his pupils why they were wasting their time then. 2. The teacher asked his pupils why they were wasting their time then. 3. The teacher asked his pupils why they were wasting their time then.

18. The doctor said to her, “Do not take this medicine before you eat anything.”
   1. The doctor forbade her to take that medicine.

(Continued to page 72)